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# Data Sheet EPHB4 Kinase Assay Kit Catalog #78009

**Background:** EPHB4 or Ephrin type-B receptor 4 is a protein and member of the receptor tyrosine kinase family. It binds to its ligand, Ephrin B2, to regulate cell adhesion and migration. EPHB4 plays a central role in heart morphogenesis, angiogenesis and blood vessel remodeling and permeability. It has also been implicated in prostate as well as breast cancer.

**Description:** The *EPHB4 Kinase Assay Kit* is designed to measure EPHB4 kinase activity for screening and profiling applications using ADP-Glo<sup>®</sup> Kinase Assay as a detection reagent. The *EPHB4 Kinase Assay Kit* comes in a convenient 96-well format, with enough purified recombinant EPHB4, substrate, ATP, and kinase assay buffer for 100 enzyme reactions.

### **COMPONENTS:**

| Catalog # | Reagent  | Amount | Storag     | ge              |
|-----------|--|--------|------------|-----------------|
| 40201     | EPHB4, His-tag   | 20 µg  | -80°C      | Avoid           |
| 79334     | 5x Kinase assay buffer   | 1.5 ml | -20°C      | multiple        |
| 79686     | ATP (500 μM)   | 100 µl | -20°C      | freeze/         |
| 40217     | Protein Tyrosine Kinase Substrate (Poly-Glu, Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml) | 100 µl | -20°C      | thaw<br>cycles! |
| 79696     | 96-well plate, white   | 1      | Room Temp. |                 |

**APPLICATIONS:** Useful for studying enzyme kinetics and screening small molecular inhibitors for drug discovery and HTS applications.

**STABILITY:** Up to 6 months when stored as recommended.

### REFERENCE(S):

- **1.** Xia, G., *et al.* 2005. "EphB4 expression and biological significance in prostate cancer." *Cancer Research* **65(11):** 4623-4632.
- 2. Noren, N.K., *et al.* 2006. "The EphB4 receptor suppresses breast cancer cell tumorigenicity through an Abl–Crk pathway." *Nature Cell Biology* **8(8)**: 815-825.

# MATERIALS OR INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED:

ADP-Glo® Kinase Assay (Promega #V6930) Dithiothreitol (DTT, 1 M; optional) Microplate reader capable of reading luminescence Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips 30°C incubator

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### **ASSAY PROTOCOL:**

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

- Thaw 5x Kinase assay buffer, ATP (500 μM), and Protein Tyrosine Kinase Substrate (Poly-Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml).
  - (Optional: If desired, add DTT to **5x Kinase assay buffer** to make a 10 mM concentration; *e.g.* add 10 µl of 1 M DTT to 1 ml **5x Kinase assay buffer**).
- 2) Prepare the master mixture (12.5 μl per well): N wells x (11.5 μl **1x Kinase** assay buffer + 0.5 μl **ATP (500 μM)** + 0.5 μl **Protein Tyrosine Kinase** Substrate (Poly-Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml). Add 12.5 μl to every well.

|  | Positive<br>Control | Test<br>Inhibitor | Blank     |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1x Kinase assay buffer   | 11.5 µl             | 11.5 µl           | 11.5 µl   |
| ATP (500 μM)   | 0.5 µl              | 0.5 µl            | 0.5 µl    |
| Protein Tyrosine<br>Kinase Substrate (Poly-<br>Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml) | 0.5 μΙ              | 0.5 μΙ            | 0.5 μΙ    |
| Test Inhibitor   | _                   | 2.5 µl            | _         |
| 10% DMSO in water (Inhibitor buffer)                                   | 2.5 µl              | _                 | 2.5 µl    |
| 1x Kinase buffer   | -                   | _                 | 10 µl     |
| EPHB4 (20 ng/μl)   | 10 µl               | 10 µl             | _         |
| Total  | 25 μΙ               | 25 μΙ             | 25 μ<br>Ι |

- 3) Add 2.5 μl of Inhibitor solution of each well labeled as "Test Inhibitor." For the "Positive Control" and "Blank," add 2.5 μl of 10% DMSO in water (Inhibitor buffer). Note: Keep DMSO concentration of the Test Inhibitor at ≤10%, as final DMSO concentration in the reaction should be ≤1%. Higher DMSO levels can significantly decrease the enzyme activity. For example, to test an inhibitor dissolved in 100% DMSO at 10 μM, dilute 1 mM inhibitor with water to make a 100 μM inhibitor in 10% DMSO(aq). Then, add 5 μl of the 100 μM solution into the 50 μl assay to make a 1% DMSO concentration in the final reaction mixture.
- 4) Prepare 3 ml of **1x Kinase assay buffer** by mixing 600 μl of 5x Kinase assay buffer with 2400 μl water. 3 ml of **1x Kinase assay buffer** is sufficient for 100 reactions.
- 5) To the wells designated as "Blank," add 10  $\mu$ l of 1x Kinase assay buffer. OUR PRODUCTS ARE FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.



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- 6) Thaw EPHB4 on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing enzyme to recover full content of the tube. Calculate the amount of EPHB4 required for the assay and dilute enzyme to 20 ng/μl with 1x Kinase assay buffer. Store remaining undiluted enzyme in aliquots at -80°C. Note: EPHB4 is sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots or diluted enzyme.
- 7) Initiate reaction by adding 10 µl of diluted **EPHB4** to the wells designated "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor Control." Incubate at 30°C for 45 minutes.
- 8) Thaw ADP-Glo reagent.
- 9) After the 45 minutes reaction, add 25  $\mu$ l of ADP-Glo reagent to each well. Cover plate with aluminum foil and incubate the plate at room temperature for 45 minutes.
- 10) Thaw Kinase Detection reagent.
- 11) After the 45 minutes incubation, add 50 µl of Kinase Detection reagent to each well. Cover plate with aluminum foil and incubate the plate at room temperature for another 45 minutes.
- 12) Immediately read sample in a luminometer or microtiter-plate capable of reading chemiluminescence. "Blank" value is subtracted from all readings.

# Reading Chemiluminescence:

Chemiluminescence is the emission of light (luminescence) which results from a chemical reaction. The detection of chemiluminescence requires no wavelength selection because the method used is emission photometry and is not emission spectrophotometry.

To properly read chemiluminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader are: use the "hole" position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay without enzyme (typically we set this value as 100).

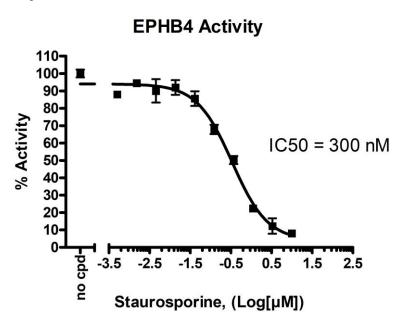
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# **Example of Assay Results:**



Inhibition of EPHB4 by Staurosporine, measured using the *EPHB4 kinase assay kit* (Cat. #78009). Data shown is lot-specific. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at info@bpsbioscience.com

# **RELATED PRODUCTS:**

| <u>Size</u> |
|-------------|
| 10 μg       |
| 10 ml       |
| 200 µl      |
|             |
| 1 mg        |
| 10 µg       |
| 11111       |

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