Description

The PARG Fluorogenic Assay Kit is a high-throughput, homogeneous 384-well assay designed to measure the hydrolase activity of Poly (ADP-ribose) glycohydrolase (PARG) for screening and profiling applications, using a simple and straightforward fluorogenic assay. The PARG Fluorogenic Assay Kit contains enough purified recombinant PARG enzyme, substrate, and assay buffer for 400 enzyme reactions.

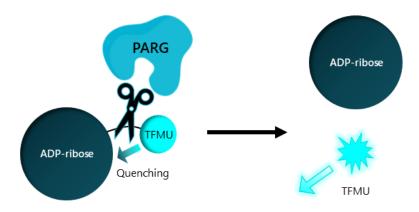


Figure 1: Illustration of the assay principle.

PARG is incubated with a fluorogenic ADP-ribose substrate in which the fluorophore is quenched by the presence of the ribose. PARG-mediated hydrolysis of the substrate between the ribose and the fluorochrome releases fluorescence that can be detected at λ =502 nm (excitation at λ =385 nm). Fluorescence intensity is directly proportional to PARG hydrolase activity.

Background

Poly (ADP-ribose) glycohydrolase (PARG) is a catabolic enzyme involved in the degradation of PARylated chains, releasing ADP-ribose and oligo(ADP-ribose) chains. PAR homeostasis is regulated by the family of PAR polymerases (PARPs) and PARG in response to cellular stress conditions such as DNA damage response (DDR). PARG activity is linked to cellular responses in inflammation, ischemia, stroke, and cancer. PARG is overexpressed in breast cancer and associated with tumor growth and survival. Decrease in PARG activity can potentiate the effect of current cancer therapies, such as chemotherapy and radiation, making PARG inhibition with selective inhibitors a promising approach in cancer and immunotherapy.

Applications

Study enzyme kinetics and screen small molecule inhibitors for drug discovery and high throughput screening (HTS) applications.



Supplied Materials

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Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
101726	PARG, Full Length, His-Tag*	1 μg	-80°C
	Fluorogenic PARG Substrate (1 mM)	40 µl	-20°C
	Stock PARG Hydrolase Buffer	3 ml	-20°C
	0.5 M DTT	200 µl	-20°C
	PDD00017273 (10 mM)**	20 µl	-20°C
79961	384-well microplate, black	1 plate	Room Temperature

*The concentration of the protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube.

**The kit includes the PARG inhibitor PDD00017273 as a PARG activity control.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- Fluorescence plate reader capable of excitation at 385 nm and detection at 502 nm
- Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips
- Rotating or rocker platform

Storage Conditions



This assay kit will perform optimally for up to **6 months** from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed. *Avoid multiple freeze/ thaw cycles!*

Safety



This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.

Contraindications

- The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.
- Compounds that emit fluorescence near λ =502 nm when excited at λ =385 nm can interfere with results.

Assay Protocol

- All samples and controls should be performed in duplicate.
- The assay should include a "Blank", "Positive Control" and "Inhibitor Control".
- If the assay plate is going to be used more than once, prepare enough reagents for this portion of the assay and aliquot the remaining undiluted reagents into single-use aliquots depending on how many times the assay plate will be used. Store the aliquots at -80°C or at -20°C as appropriate.
- 1) Thaw Stock PARG Hydrolase Buffer at Room Temperature (RT).
- 2) Prepare **Diluted PARG Hydrolase Buffer** by diluting **Stock PARG Hydrolase Buffer** 5-fold with distilled water.



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- 3) Dilute **0.5 M DTT** 500-fold in Diluted PARG Hydrolase Buffer to make a 1 mM concentration. This is now the **Assay Buffer**.
- 4) Thaw **PARG enzyme** on ice. Briefly spin the tube containing the enzyme to recover the full content of the tube.
- 5) Calculate the amount of PARG required for the assay (10 μl/well) and dilute enzyme to **0.25 ng/μl** with **Assay Buffer**. Store remaining undiluted PARG enzyme at -80°C in single-use aliquots.

Note: PARG enzyme is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. **Do not re**use the diluted enzyme.

- 6) Add 10 μl of diluted PARG to the "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor" wells.
- 7) Add 10 µl of Assay Buffer to the "Blank" wells.
- 8) Prepare the Test Inhibitor (5 μ l/well): for a titration prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 5-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 25 μ l.

8.1 If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble, prepare serial dilutions 5-fold more concentrated than the desired final concentrations using the Assay Buffer. Assay Buffer is the Diluent Solution.

OR

8.2 If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO, prepare the test inhibitor in 100% DMSO, at a concentration 100-fold higher than the highest desired final concentration, then dilute the inhibitor 20-fold in Assay Buffer to prepare the highest concentration of the 5-fold intermediate serial dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 5%.

Prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 5-fold the desired final concentrations using 5% DMSO in Assay Buffer to keep the concentration of DMSO constant.

For positive and negative controls, prepare 5% DMSO in Assay Buffer (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

The final concentration of DMSO should not exceed 1%.

- 9) Add 5 µl of the Test Inhibitor solution to each well designated as "Test Inhibitor".
- 10) Add 5 μ l of Diluent Solution to the "Positive Control" and "Blank" wells.
- 11) Prepare the Inhibitor Control by diluting PDD00017273 (10 mM) 100-fold in 100% DMSO to make a 100 μ M solution. Dilute 20-fold in Assay Buffer to make a 5 μ M solution (the DMSO amount is now 5%).
- 12) Add 5 μ l of 5 μ M PDD00017273 to the "Inhibitor Control" wells.



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13) Incubate at Room Temperature for 15 minutes.

Note: We strongly recommend pre-incubation of the enzyme with the inhibitor before adding the substrate.

- 14) Thaw Fluorogenic PARG Substrate (1 mM) on ice.
- 15) Prepare **Substrate Solution** (10 μ M) by diluting **Fluorogenic PARG Substrate (1 mM)** 100-fold in Assay Buffer. You will need 10 μ l/ well. Dilute only enough substrate required for the assay. Store remaining Fluorogenic PARG Substrate (1 mM) at -20°C in single-use aliquots.
- 16) Initiate the reaction by adding 10 μ l of Substrate Solution to all wells.
- 17) Incubate at Room Temperature for 1 hour protected from light.

	Blank	Positive Control	Inhibitor Control	Test Inhibitor		
Diluted PARG enzyme (0.25 ng/µl)	-	10 µl	10 µl	10 µl		
Test Inhibitor	-	-	-	5 µl		
Diluted PDD00017273	-	-	5 µl	-		
Diluent Solution	5 µl	5 µl	-	-		
Assay Buffer	10 µl	-	-	-		
Incubate 15 minutes at Room Temperature						
Substrate Solution (10 µM)	10 µl	10 µl	10 µl	10 µl		
Total	25 μl	25 μl	25 μl	25 μl		

- 18) Measure fluorescence in a plate reader capable of excitation at 385 nm and emission at 502 nm.
- 19) "Blank" value should be subtracted from all other values.



Example Results

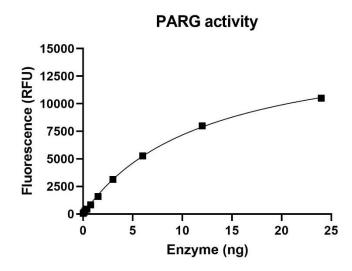


Figure 2: Titration of PARG.

Increasing amounts of enzyme were incubated with 4 μ M Fluorogenic PARG substrate. Fluorescence was measured using a Bio-Tek microplate reader.

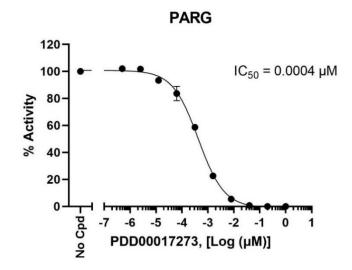


Figure 3: PARG inhibition by PDD00017273.

PARG activity was measured in the presence of increasing concentrations of PDD00017273. Fluorescence was measured using a Bio-Tek microplate reader.

For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at support@bpsbioscience.com.

Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com



References

- 1. Marques, M. et al. 2019. Oncogene 38 (12): 2177-2191.
- 2. James, D. I. et al., 2016 ACS Chem Biol 11 (11): 3179-3190.
- 3. Drown, B. S. et al., 2018 Cell Chem Bio 25 (12): 1562-1570.

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
PARP1 Colorimetric Assay Kit	80580	96 reactions
PARP1 Homogeneous Assay Kit	78438	384 reactions
PARP1, FLAG-Avi-Tag Recombinant	80521	20 µg
PARP1, GST-Tag Recombinant	80501	20 µg



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